# SORNA – Legal Updates

Trial Advocacy
Consulting &
Training, LL.C.

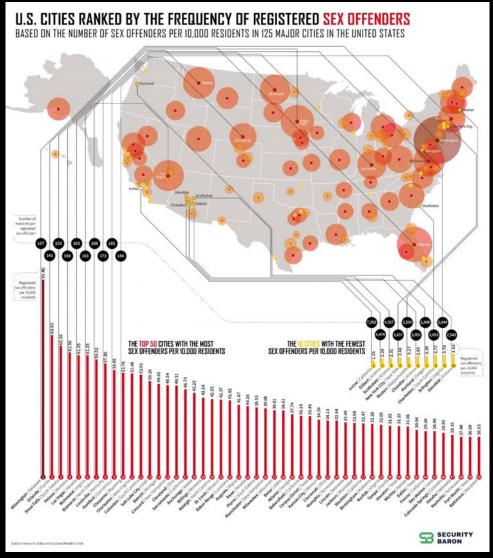
Elizabeth Lippy Trial Advocacy Consulting & Training, LL.C.

www.tactlawyer.com

elippy@tactlawyer.com



- · I truly am honored to be here
- · I do not practice military justice, although intrigued by it
- · I am not fluent in, nor do I speak, "acronym"
- I am a criminal defense lawyer by trade (i.e., I'm a bleeding heart liberal)
- The Corona Virus has taken entirely too much of my time the last few days
- · I do believe some level of sex offender registration is necessary
- I thank you all for your service!



- 1. Wilmington, Delaware 1 sex offender for every 107 residents
- 2. **Orlando, Florida** 1 sex offender for every 143 residents
- 3. Sioux Falls, South Dakota 1 sex offender for every 153 residents
- 4. **Helena, Montana** 1 sex offender for every 160 residents
- 5. Las Vegas, Nevada 1 sex offender for every 163 residents
- 6. **Richmond, Virginia** 1 sex offender for every 163 residents
- 7. **Bismarck, North Dakota** 1 sex offender for every 168 residents
- 8. Louisville, Kentucky 1 sex offender for every 173 residents
- 9. **Hartford, Connecticut** 1 sex offender for every 182 residents
- 10. Cheyenne, Wyoming 1 sex offender for every 186 residents

(2018 Statistics published by Security Baron)

# History of Sexual Offender Registration

 1994
 1996
 2006
 2015

Wetterling Crimes
Against Children & SVO
Act
(SVP & 10 year registration
Discretionary public notification)

Megan's Law (Mandatory public disclosures) Adam Walsh Act (SORNA)

Military Sex
Offender
Reporting
Act

# Pennsylvania's Problematic History

#### Megan's Law 1 (1995)

- SVP status increased maximum confinement
- Struck down by CW v.
   Williams 733 A.2d
   593 (Pa. 1999)

#### Megan's Law II (2000)

- No further presumptive predicate offenses or increased maximum for SVP but still SVP distinction
- Non-SVP more reporting requirements

#### Megan's Law III (2004)

- All the additional notification requirements
- Created criminal offenses for failure to comply
- 20 year exemption for SVP or lifetime offender

# Pennsylvania's SORNA (2012)

- Legislative Findings Included:
  - Sexual Offenders pose a high risk of committing additional sexual offenses and protection of the public is a paramount government interest (42 Pa.C.S. §9799.10(a)(4))
  - Sexual Offenders have a reduced expectation of privacy because of the public's interest in public safety
- Declaration of policy:
  - It is the policy of the Commonwealth to require the exchange of relevant information about sexual offenders among public agencies... and shall not be construed as punitive (42 Pa.C.S. §9799.10(b)(2))
- BUT failure to comply with requirement = subject to prosecution and incarceration under 18 Pa.C.S. § 4915.1

# Who it applies to...

- Residents of PA
- Employed in PA
- Students in PA
- Or Transients
- Also those incarcerated who were previously required to register under Megan's Law

#### The Tiered Offenses

#### Tier I – 15 years

- Unlawful restraint
- False imprisonment
- Interference with custody of children
- Luring a child
- Institutional Sexual Assault
- Indecent Assault
- Corruption of Minors
- Invasion of Privacy
- Video Voyeurism
- Misleading Domain Names
- Inchoates of the above

#### Tier II – 25 Years

- Trafficking
- Statutory Sexual Assault
- Prostitution
- Unlawful Contact with Minor
- Sexual Exploitation of Children
- Abusive Sexual Contact of victim age 13 – 18
- Production of Sexually Explicit Depictions of Minors
- Inchoates

#### Tier III - Lifetime

- Kidnapping
- Rape
- IDSI
- Aggravated Indecent Assault
- Incest
- Sexual Abuse
- Inchoates

### Failure to Comply

#### Tier I – 15 years

- Felony of 3<sup>rd</sup> degree
- F2 for second violations or if doesn't provide accurate info

#### Tier II – 25 Years

- F2
- F1 for second violation or doesn't provide accurate info

#### Tier III - Lifetime

- F2
- F1 for second violation or doesn't provide accurate info

## Is SORNA punitive?

- CW v. Muniz, 164 A.3d 1198 (Pa. 2017)
  - analogized registration and notification provisions as akin to probation
  - declared SORNA sufficiently punitive to overcome the General Assembly's stated non-punitive purpose.
  - Violates Ex Post Facto clauses
- Cw v. Butler, 173 A.3d 1212 (Pa. Super. 2017)
  - SVP designation based on clear & convincing evidence is constitutionally infirm b/c enhanced punishment without proof BRD (violating Apprendi v. New Jersey, 120 S. Ct. 2348 (U.S. N.J. 2000)

## Pennsylvania Response to Muniz & Butler

- Made SORNA prospective not retroactive
- Limited procedure for some offenders to petition the cord after 25 years
- Decreased how often people in compliance had to appear
- Deleted Intentional interference with custody of child
- BUT no new SVP determinations/burden of proof
- Does not address punitive nature

### CW v. Torsilieri

- •23 year old with no prior record
- •Charged with Rape, convicted of Agg Indecent Assault and Indecent Assault
- Post sentence motion challenged SORNA
  - Due Process b/c of irrebuttable presumption of recidivism deprives individuals right to reputation
  - Procedural due process violations (State & Federal) b/c no notice or opportunity to be heard
  - SORNA constitutes criminal punishment

# Are all Sex Offenders Created Equal?

- 80-90% of adult male sex offenders are never reconvicted for a new sexual crime (Affidavit of Professor Letourneau, Johns Hopkins University)
- Sex offenders typically have lower recidivism rates (Jill S. Levenson, Ph.D., LCSW, Professor of Social Work at Barry University)
- Torsilieri had a <2% recidivism risk per Static-99 and Static-99R (R. Karl Hanson, Ph.D., C. Psych., Carleton University in Ottawa, Canada)

# CW v. Torsilieri Trial Court Holdings & Outstanding Issues for the PA Supreme Court

- PA Constitution provides the right to reputation is a fundamental right, thus applied the strict scrutiny test
- Irrebuttable presumption is not constitutional where
  - 1. encroaches interest protected by due process;
  - 2. the presumption is not universally true; and
  - 3. reasonable alternative means exist for ascertaining the presumed fact
- SORNA violates *Apprendi* and *Alleyne* because of burden of proof
- SORNA is punitive (violates 5/7 Mendoza-Martinez factors)
- Application of SORNA constitutes illegal sentences b/c extend sentence beyond the predicate offense (8th Amendment)

So what?
We are Military Attorneys, who cares?

## Current CAAF Rulings...

- Members should not consider sex offender registration requirements at sentencing because it's a collateral consequence *US v. Talkington*, 73 M.J. 212 (C.A.A.F. 2014)
  - See also *US v. Feliciano*, No. 20140766, slip op. at 9 (A. Ct. Crim. App. Aug. 22, 2016)
- Failure of defense counsel to ensure an accused understands sex offender registration consequences will overturn a guilty plea, but not ineffective assistance of counsel *US v. Fink, per curiam decision*, No. 201800250 (N-M Ct. Crim. App. Feb. 6, 2020)







3 DAY TRAINING APRIL 22 - 24, 2020 Washington, D.C.

E. Barrett Prettyman United States Courthouse